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### Development of a Monitoring System Automatic Power Meter at the "Gunung Salak" Geothermal Power Plant, Sukabumi, Indonesia

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#### Abstract

kWh meter is a tool measuring device used in PT Indonesia geothermal power plant "Gunung Salak" to measure the energy generated generator and its auxiliary engine equipment. kWh meter devices connect with the LAN network so that it can be remotely accessed through the corporate network. The protocol used to access kWh meter data is Modbus TCP and HTTP. Access to the Modbus TCP protocol has a limited number of users. With the corporate Server Central office's presence on standby to fetch data in real-time, access via Modbus protocol is often impossible. One alternative is using the HTTP protocol. To access kWh meters via HTTP protocol can be done using a web browser. The operation field requires real-time data on kWh meters for plant condition monitoring and generation monitoring. With a large amount of kWh meter, the time it takes to perform data retrieval at all meters when using a web browser for longer, this becomes less effective as the data cannot be accessed simultaneously. Automatic meter reading application is one of the solutions used as a bridge to access multiple kWh meters simultaneously. By implementing parallel computing with a multithreading method, searching and retrieving data is faster so that the data displayed in the client application corresponds to the real-time data on the measuring instrument kWh meter.

**Keywords:** appropriate technology, geothermal power plant, Indonesia, monitoring.

#### I. INTRODUCTION

With its ring of fires, Indonesia has a lot of geothermal reserves that can be used as renewable power plants [1-4]. One of them is a geothermal power plant located on "Gunung Salak" (Sukabumi, West Java, Indonesia) with three generator units [5]. The generator's amount of electrical power is measured using a PowerLogic ION meter and a Power Quality meter. This tool is also used to calculate the power distribution and electricity consumption of generator auxiliary equipment [6]. In use, the tool is connected to a LAN network so that it can be accessed remotely using a web browser and ION client application. Currently, the number of measuring instruments is 11 units.

Several data on generators' power in geothermal power plants are needed to carry out the power plant's monitoring process. Data from monitoring a system is critical to make the right decision [7-10]. Therefore, an operator will continuously record the power generated every 30 minutes. Manual recording is done by viewing the amount of power displayed by the PowerLogic ION meter screen or accessing it through

the KWH meter IP Address. However, the data recorded by the operator is not uniform because it has to be recorded manually at the same time for all measuring instruments installed in each generator. Besides, for reading via IP Address, a web page loading process is required, which adds to uneven data recording time.

To improve the quality of data obtained from the geothermal power generator located on "Gunung Salak", a data monitoring system was developed. Therefore, this paper aims to develop a power measurement system at the "Gunung Salak" geothermal power plant (Sukabumi, West Java, Indonesia), which was previously based on a LAN network to become a parallel computing mobile application based. This application is expected to automatically read real-time power data and simultaneously fill in the log sheet data according to a predetermined time.

#### II. MATERIAL AND METHOD

The system development used in this study uses an Agile-development approach. Agile development is a concept used by several researchers [11-13] in developing an application system. Agile-development is a combination of incremental and iterative methods. Agile-development is an iterative process with short cycles. Needs are planned, implemented, tested, and repeatedly evaluated in a shorter period. The implication of using agile software development is high adaptability to changes during the software development process.

Testing of the developed system is carried out using the black box testing method [14-16]. The parameters analyzed are in the form of functional testing and usability testing of the system. Functional testing is demonstrated by suitability, accuracy, security, and compliance. Usability testing is indicated by learnability, efficiency, memorability, error, and satisfaction from the user questionnaire [17]. The weights of the usability test are presented in Table 1.

Table 1. Usability test weights of the developed system

No	Code	Abbreviation	Score
1	STS	Strongly Disagrees	1
2	TS	Disagree	2
3	KS	Middle disagreed	3
4	S	Agree	4
5	SS	Strongly Agree	5

The first step in usability testing is giving the user a preprepared task. These tasks were given to 14 employees who were familiar with the automatic meter reading application so that they did not have difficulty doing these tasks. These tasks are used as a means of interaction in measuring usability.

The research was conducted at the "Gunung Salak" geothermal power plant, Sukabumi, West Java, Indonesia. This plant has 3 generators with a power capacity of 60 MW each. Each generating machine is equipped with a power meter measuring device to measure Gross power, Net power, own power consumption, and star energy own use power. The data input activity diagram for reporting on the old system is presented in Figure 1. The measuring points of the power meter are presented in Figure 2.

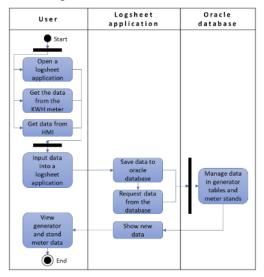


Figure 1. Activity diagram of old system data input

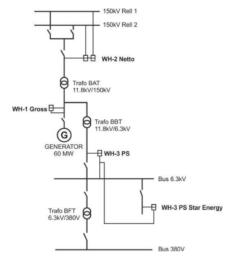


Figure 2. The point of measuring the power on the generator uses a power meter

#### III. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

#### III.I Activity Diagram of the System being Developed

The application developed consists of a mobile android based application for monitoring systems and a windows-based application for automatic data retrieval and recording for datasheet recording. This automatic power monitoring system application is connected to a power meter via a LAN network. The application will perform real-time data retrieval via the HTTP protocol from the On-board web server power meter. The activity diagram of the system developed is presented in Figure 3. The system developed is related to changes from the KWH meter data reading method, displaying real-time working generators, and sending stand meter data to the network. Furthermore, the data update will be carried out automatically by the system being built.

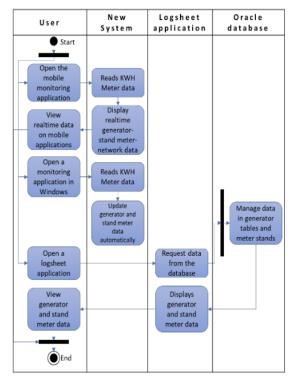


Figure 3. Activity diagram of the system being developed

#### III.II Use Case Diagram

The application developed consists of two bases, namely android based and windows based. Users have access to all application features. Features that users can access on the android application are info, generator real-time data, real-time power data, and PLN P2B real-time data. Features that can be accessed through a windows base are info, real-time generator data, real-time power data, and oracle data logger (Figure 4).

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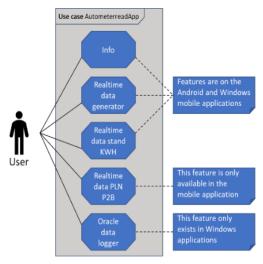


Figure 4. Use case diagram

#### III.III Applications on Android

The application interface is presented in Figure 5. This application will display the company logo for 5 seconds the first time it is run. After that, the application will enter the info page, which contains the application logo and a list of application features. The ENTER button is used to enter the main monitoring page and the QUIT button to exit the application. The generator tab is the default tab, which will always be displayed when entering the monitoring main page. The application will retrieve the generator loading data of 1-2-3 units from the power meter in real-time every second.



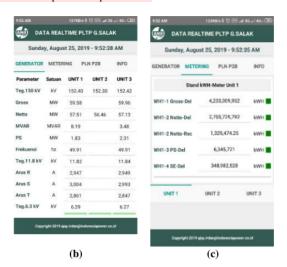






Figure 5. Screenshot of program (a) front page (b) generator menu (c) metering menu (d) PLN P2B menu (e) notification menu

#### III.IV Application on a Web Browser

When the Oracle data logger tab (Figure 6) is selected on the main menu, it will display connect and disconnect buttons. The button is to run a test connection to the Oracle database server. Besides, this button will also instruct the system to update the generator load history data and the meter stand. The test button is used to perform test data updates and clear logs from the database update log data.



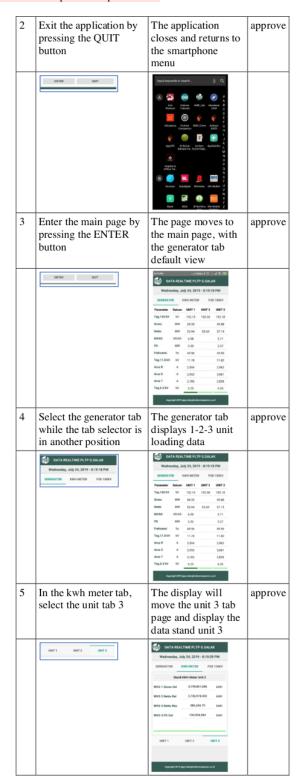
Figure 6. Oracle server menu display of the application

#### III.V Testing the system being developed

The results of the suitability test of the developed system are presented in Table 2. The suitability test is carried out to observe the software's ability to provide a series of functions suitable for specific tasks and objectives of the user [18]. The test results using five special scenarios indicate that the developed system is valid in executing the scenario ordered. This shows the system is suitable for executing commands from the user.

**Table 2.** The result of the suitability parameter test of the application

1 Open the application from the test android	The splash screen appears and enters	approve
smartphone	the info page	
input largueoids to search.  ©   Q    A	LINDONESIA FILT GUNUNG SALAK	
Applied Science Autory Accidents to the Applied Science Autory Accidents to the Applied Science Autory Accidents to the Applied Applied Science Autory Applied	AMR	
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	ENTER QUIT	



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The accuracy testing of the developed system is presented in Table 3. System accuracy is related to the system device's ability to provide precise and correct results according to the needs of the user [19]. Testing the accuracy using a special scenario shows that the system being developed is valid in executing the scenario ordered. This shows that the system is correct in carrying out the instructions from the user.

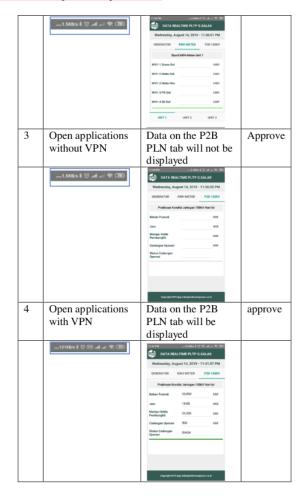
**Table 3.** The accuracy parameter test result from the application

Case scenario		rio	Finding Result
Check the PLN P2B network condition data			Data by the PLN P2B approve Webserver
Wednesday, Aug	LTIME PLTP G.		:Dqbo/RZEtiPp □ ☆
Prakirean Kone Beban Puncak	disi Jaringan 150i 26,050	kV Hari ini MW	Prakiraan hari ini: Beban Puncak :25050 htw Terjadi Pada PM. Mampu Netto Permbangkit 8:00 Mangu Netto Permbangkit 25056 htw Cadangan Operasi 505 Prakiraan Pembangkit »
Jam Mampu Netto Pembangkit	18:00 26,556	WIB MW	Status Cadangan Operasi: Slaga
Cadangan Operasi Status Cadangan	506 SIAGA	MW	Definisi Status  » Proyeksi Neraca Daya

The security test of the developed system is presented in Table 4. A security test is a test to see the software's ability to prevent unwanted access, deal with intruders, and authorize data modification [20]. System security testing results using four specific test scenarios indicate that the system being developed is valid in executing the ordered scenario. This shows the system is safe in carrying out instructions from the user.

 $\textbf{Table 4.} \ \textbf{Security parameter test results from the application}$ 

No	Case scenario Finding		Result
1	Open applications Data on the		approve
	without VPN	generator tab will	
		not be displayed	
	1.5KB/s \$ 🖰 🚜 all 🗣 🎟	COMPANY OF THE PARTY OF T	
		Perameter Salaan UNIT1 UNIT2 UNIT2 Teg.150 kV kV Gross MW Netto MW	
		MINAR MINAR PG MW	
		Frekuensi hz Tea.11.6 kV kV	
		Arvs R A	
		Anus T A	
		Teg 6.3 kV kV	
2	Open applications	The data on the	approve
	without VPN	kwh meter tab will	
		not be displayed	



Compliance testing of the developed system is presented in Table 5. The system's compliance test shows the system's ability to meet standard requirements following applicable regulations [21]. Using a special scenario, the test results show that the system being developed is valid in executing the ordered scenario. This shows that the system is correct in carrying out the instructions from the user.

**Table 5.** The results of the compliance parameter test from the application

Case scenario	Finding	Result
The function of the Android-	All functions in	approve
based automatic kwh meter	the application	
realtime monitoring system	can be used and	
application	run well	

The complete usability results are presented in Figure 6. The smallest attribute value is in the automatic meter reading server's performance aspect, which is 3.80, and the most massive attribute value is in the aspect of ease of recognition and operation, which is 4.27. All attributes have a user acceptance value greater than 3, with an average value of 4.05

from a scale of 5. This illustrates that the monitoring system developed has excellent usability aspects based on the criteria also used by Ferré, et al. [22].

**Table 6.** The score of respondents from the developed application

No	Questions	Value			
Syst	System aspect				
1	Is the appearance of the AMR application	4.27			
	easy to recognize?				
2	Is the AMR application easy to operate?	4.27			
3	Are the colors on the AMR comfortable to	3.93			
	see?				
4	Does the displayed data match what is	3.93			
	needed?				
5	Is the information provided easy to	4.07			
	understand?				
Usei	aspect				
1	Is this application comfortable to use?	4.20			
2	Is the writing on the application easy to	4.13			
	read?				
3	Is this application easy to download?	4.13			
4	Does AMR Server make it easier to record	4.13			
	kWh Meter data?				
5	Is the AMR server performance as expected?	3.80			
The interaction aspect					
1	Is the menu on the application easily	4.07			
	accessible?				
2	Is the response of this application as	3.93			
	expected?				
3	Are the menus and displays in the	3.87			
	application easy to remember?				
4	Are the features of this application working	3.87			
	correctly?				
5	Is this application easy to learn?	4.13			

The results of a more in-depth analysis of the respondent's assessment are presented in Figure 7. The results show that 60% of respondents strongly agree, 37% agree, and 3% disagree with using the developed system. In general, it can be concluded that the level of respondent satisfaction from the use of this developed monitoring system is 86.76%.

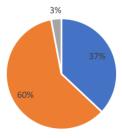


Figure 7. Recapitulation of respondents on the usability of the developed application

#### VI. CONCLUSION

The development of a monitoring system automatic power meter at the "Gunung Salak" geothermal power plant has been developed. This system is named AMR Lite, which is intended to meet a geothermal power plant's operational data information needs on "Gunung Salak", Sukabumi, Indonesia. The onboard webserver feature on the KWH Meter Power Logic ION 8600 as an application data source is quite effective in supporting the system being developed. The automatic KWH meter monitoring application can present operational data from the KWH meter device in realtime.

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